COURSE UNIT DESCRIPTION - ENGLISH I/II FOR SPECIFIC PURPOSE

| Course unit title | Code |
|-----------------------------------|------|
| ENGLISH I/II FOR SPECIFIC PURPOSE | |

| Lecturer(s) | Department(s) |
|--|---|
| Coordinating: lecturer Loreta Chodzkienė | Vilnius University, Institute of Foreign Languages |
| | Department of English for Physical and Biomedical Sciences, |
| Other: lecturer Dalia Pinkevičienė | 5 Universiteto, LT-01513 Vilnius |

| Cycle | Level of the course unit | Type of the course unit |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Full-time studies (1 st stage) | 1 out of 2 | Compulsory |

| Mode of delivery | Period of delivery | Language of instruction |
|------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Face to face | 1 st semester, autumn | English |

| Prerequisites and corequisites | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Prerequisites: | Co-requisites (if any): | | | | | |
| A completed English language course of the secondary | None | | | | | |
| school (level B1/B2) | | | | | | |

| Number of credits allocated to the course unit | Student's total workload | Contact hours | Self-study and research hours |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| 5 | 134 | 64 | 70 |

Purpose of the course unit: programme competences to be developed

To acquire skills to communicate in written and verbal forms in Lithuanian and English, to work individually and in a team, organize and plan their time, study and continuously develop their professionalism and general literacy:

- Development of all language skills (reading, writing, speaking and listening) oriented to C1 level of Common European Framework of Reference for Languages, with application of acquired professional language skills in academic and practical activities of studies;
- Development of intercultural communication and cooperation skills, placing high value on tolerance, social responsibility, respect and dignity;
- Developing skills of interaction with colleagues and teaching staff, group work and leadership, adequate self-assessment and evaluation of colleagues' achievement, monitoring and analysing of one's studies;
- Encouraging willingness and ability to organize self-study.

| Learning outcomes of the course unit | Teaching and learning methods | Assessment methods |
|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| The student | Active learning and teaching | |
| Will acquire knowledge in all language skills | methods: brainstorming, group | |
| (reading, writing, speaking and listening) and will | discussion, mind-maps, role- | |
| be able to apply them in practice: the student will | play, case study, interactive | Testing (open-ended and closed- |
| understand authentic professional texts of | learning, projects; | ended items), listening, reading |
| average linguistic complexity on science in the | | and writing tasks, task comp- |
| process of listening and reading; to analyze them | Traditional methods: | letion, questions and answers, |
| in terms of language and content, to critically | demonstration of audio and | presentations, writing assign- |
| evaluate the received information in the process | video material, illustration, | nments: essays / summaries |
| of listening and reading, to express ideas and | problem solving, collecting | |
| provide argument in a linguistically accurate | information from scientific | |
| manner both in writing and speaking, to inform | sources | |

| others about the subject of studies, to give argument on different issues and aspects of the subject of studies (to present, describe, interpret, evaluate and generalize), and present adequate solutions both in writing and speaking • Will be able to use a relatively wide range of special vocabulary in the subject of study, to express ideas on various issues of the subject area as well as general issues whilst using complex grammatical patterns specific to academic writing with occasional non-systematic mistakes and sentence structure faults. • Will be able to produce spoken texts on topics of the subject area at a relatively smooth pace with few longer pauses, occasionally hesitating about certain patterns and expressions; will be able to clearly and courteously express ideas in both formal and informal registers with regard to the situation and people involved; with some efforts, will be able to follow and contribute to the discussion of the group even if communication proceeds rapidly and colloquial language is used; will be able to start a conversation, to take on the role of the speaker at a proper time and to round off the conversation when needed though not necessarily in a linguistically subtle manner. • Will be able to write clear and consistent texts on topics of the subject area, following the requirements of text structure and principles of paragraphing, grammar and punctuation; will be able to produce a clear description on topics of the subject area underlying the relevant salient issues, expanding and supporting points of view at some length with subsidiary points and relevant examples, effectively using various | | |
|--|---|---|
| linking words, thus clearly demonstrating relationships between different ideas. | | |
| Will exercise intercultural tolerance, will be able to flexibly and creatively function in multicultural environment interacting in formal and informal situations, will become aware of the differences and similarities of cultures placing high value on tolerance, dignity, etc. | Group discussion, role play, case study, information search, using video and audio material, interactive learning | Testing (open-ended and closed- ended items), task completion, questions and answers, different writing assignments: essays / summaries |
| Will be ready to interact with other participants in a learning process, work in pairs or teams doing joint projects, making presentations, giving and taking interviews, revising the material, consolidating information, take leadership in the group and involve peers in a successful learning process distributing the activities, holding short conversations related to the topics studied; will try to control and analyse self-study, perceive and critically evaluate learning strengths and weaknesses, plan and set out further learning aims | Case study, problem solving, projects | Effective cooperation: giving presentations, participating in discussions, moderating group conversations, self-assessment questionnaires |
| Will be able to plan and organise self-study, create proper learning environment, search for printed and electronic sources related to the | Self-study, preparation for class activities, tests and presentations | Testing (open-ended and closed- ended items), task completion, questions and answers, giving and taking interviews, different |

| subject, additional material improving grammar, | writing assignments: essays / |
|---|-------------------------------|
| language in use, etc; will be able to effectively | summaries |
| choose memorizing strategies for the skills to be | |
| acquired. | |

| | Contact hours Self-study work: time a assignments | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------------|----------|----------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|------------|--|
| Content: breakdown of the topics | Lectures | Consultations | Seminars | Practice | Laboratory work | Practical training | Total contact | Self-study | Assignments |
| University studies; study habits and skills; academic degrees; systems compared: Lithuania, the US and the UK | | | | 3 | | | 3 | 3 | |
| Introduction to the scientific method: the process of science, evaluating scientific information | | | | 3 | | | 3 | 5 | |
| 3. Atoms, common elements and compounds; chemical equations; states of the matter; chemical substances, metals and plastics; solutions and solvents; chemical impact | | | | 5 | | | 5 | 5 | |
| 4. Model organisms used in molecular biology research: Mus musculus, Xenopus laevis, Arabidopsis thaliana, Escherichia coli, viruses and bacteriophages, Drosophila, Caenohabditis elegans, Dictyostelium discoideum | | | | 6 | | | 6 | 5 | |
| 5. The cell, its structure and functions; cellular respiration | | | | 4 | | | 4 | 5 | |
| 6. Metabolism: converting food into energy; balancing nutrients; balancing energy; digestion in humans | | | | 4 | | | 4 | 5 | Different reading, listening and writing |
| 7. The molecular basis of life; the nature of genes; genes, environment and the individual: 'Nature versus Nurture' debate | | | | 4 | | | 4 | 5 | assignments, grammar and vocabulary tasks, |
| 8. The cell cycle and cell division; mitosis, cytokinesis, mutations | | | | 4 | | | 4 | 5 | preparation for tests and speaking tasks |
| 9. Diagnosis and treatment of a disease (cancer); cancer risk and detection | | | | 4 | | | 4 | 5 | (presentations, oral summaries), online information search |
| 10. DNA structure and replication; chromosomes, meiosis, DNA fingerprinting | | | | 4 | | | 4 | 5 | information search |
| 11. Genetic engineering and gene therapy; GMOs and health; the Human Genome Project; cloning and stem cells | | | | 4 | | | 4 | 5 | |
| 12. Effective presentations: structure, content, language, non-verbal communication, visuals, direct and indirect questions; ways of talking about sources, facts, evidence and data; numbers and statistics; graphs and diagrams | | | | 5 | | | 5 | 5 | |
| 13. Academic discourse: what is special about academic English? Key nouns, key verbs, key adjectives, key adverbs, phrasal verbs, academic collocations, words of Latin origin, irregular plurals | | | | 5 | | | 5 | 5 | |
| 14. Grammatical properties of scientific texts: conditional sentences, relative clauses, the Passive | | | | 5 | | | 5 | 4 | |
| 15. Revision and consultations | | | | 4 | | | 4 | 4 | |

| Total | | 64 | | 64 | 70 | |
|-------|--|-----|--|-----|-----|--|
| 10001 | | 0-1 | | 0.1 | , 0 | |

| Assessment strategy | Weight,% | Assessment period | Assessment criteria |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|---|
| Tests | 2 x 40 % | 8, 16 weeks | Accumulative: tests (right answers comprise |
| Additional assignments (oral summaries, presentations, written tasks, etc.) | 20 % | During the term | more than 60%) + accounting for specific tasks and active participation in class activities |

| Author | Year of publication | iblica- Title period or vol | | Publishing place and house or web link | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Required literature | | | | | |
| Allison L.A. | 2011 | Fundamental Molecular Biology | | Blackwell Publishing | |
| Zumdahl S. S., S. A. Zumdahl | 2007 | Chemistry | | Boston, NY | |
| Brooker R. | 2005 | Genetics. Analysis and Principles | | Higher Education, NY | |
| Belk C., V. Boden | 2008 | Biology: Science for Life | | Pearson Education | |
| Kelly K. | 2008 | Science | | Macmillan Education | |
| Recommended reading | | | | | |
| McCarthy M., F. O'Dell | 2008 | Academic Vocabulary in Use | | CUP | |
| Hopkins D. P. Cullen | 2007 | Grammar for IELTS | | Cambridge Books for Cambridge Exams | |
| Cullen P. | 2008 | Vocabulary for IELTS | | CUP | |
| Matthews J.R., R. W. Matthews | 2008 | Successful scientific Writing | | CUP | |
| Black M., Capel A. | 2009 | Objective IELTS | | CUP | |
| Murphy, R. | 2009 | English Grammar in Use | | CUP | |
| Smith J. M., E. Szathmary | 1999 | The Origins of Life | | OUP | |
| Swan, M. | 1995 | Practical English Usage | | OUP | |
| | | New Scientist | | www.newscientist.com | |
| | | Scientific American | | www.scientificamerican.com | |
| | | | | http://www.sciencedaily.com | |

COURSE UNIT DESCRIPTION- ENGLISH II/II FOR SPECIFIC PURPOSE

| Course unit title | Code |
|------------------------------------|------|
| ENGLISH II/II FOR SPECIFIC PURPOSE | |

| Lecturer(s) | Department(s) |
|---|---|
| Coordinating lecturer Loreta CHODZKIENĖ | Vilnius University, Institute of Foreign Languages |
| | Department of English for Physical and Biomedical Sciences, 5 |
| Other: lecturer Dalia Pinkevičienė | Universiteto, LT-01513 Vilnius |

| Cycle | Level of the course unit | Type of the course unit |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Full-time studies (1st stage) | 2 out of 2 | Compulsory |

| Mode of delivery | Period of delivery | Language of instruction | | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Practice | 2 nd semester, spring | English | | |

| Prerequisites and corequisites | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Prerequisites: | Corequisites (if any): | | | | |
| Completion of the English language course | None | | | | |

| Number of credits allocated to the course unit | Student's total workload | Contact hours | Self-study and research hours |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| 5 | 134 | 64 | 70 |

Purpose of the course unit: programme competences to be developed

- Developing all language skills (reading, writing, speaking and listening) oriented to C1 level of Common European Framework of Reference for Languages, with application of acquired professional language skills in academic and practical activities of studies;
- Developing skills of intercultural communication and cooperation placing high value on tolerance, social responsibility, respect and dignity;
- Developing skills of interaction with colleagues and teaching staff, group work and leadership, adequate self-assessment and evaluation of colleagues' achievements, monitoring and analysing of one's studies;

• Encouraging willingness and ability to organize self-study.

| Learning outcomes of the course unit | Teaching and learning methods | Assessment methods |
|---|--|--|
| Will acquire knowledge in all language skills (reading, writing, speaking and listening) and will be able to apply them in practice: will understand the linguistically complex authentic professional texts on science, will be able to analyze them in terms of language and content, will be able to critically evaluate the received information in the process of listening and reading. Will be able to accurately express ideas and provide argument both in writing and speaking: to inform about the subject of studies, to give argument on different issues and aspects on the subject of studies (to present, describe, define, interpret, evaluate and generalize), present adequate solutions both in writing and speaking In speaking and writing will be able to use a wide range of special vocabulary in the subject of study with little obvious searching for | Active learning and teaching methods: brainstorming, group discussion, mind-maps, role-play, case study, interactive learning, projects Traditional methods: demonstration of audio and video material, illustration, problem solving, collecting information from scientific sources | Testing (open-ended and closed-ended items), listening, reading and writing tasks, task completion, questions and answers, presentations, writing assignnments: essays / summaries |

| | evoressions or avoidance strategies will | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| • | expressions or avoidance strategies; will consistently and correctly employ correct grammar patterns specific to academic writing Will be able to give clear, detailed descriptions and presentations on complex subjects, expanding and supporting points of view at some length with subsidiary points, reasons and relevant examples, and rounding off with an appropriate conclusion; will be able to flexibly and effectively use language both for professional and social purposes, select an appropriate formulation from a broad range of language to express oneself clearly in relation to degrees of certainty/uncertainty, belief/doubt, likelihood, etc. | | |
| • | Will be able to write clear, well-structured texts of complex subjects, underlying the relevant salient issues, expanding and supporting points of view at some length with subsidiary points, reasons and relevant examples, and rounding off with an appropriate conclusion. | | |
| - | Will exercise intercultural | | |
| | tolerance, will be able to flexibly and creatively function in multicultural environment interacting in formal and informal situations, will become aware of the differences and similarities of cultures placing high value on tolerance, dignity, etc. | Group discussion, role play, case study, information search, using video and audio material, interactive learning | Testing (open-ended and closed- ended items), task completion, questions and answers, different writing assignments: essays / summaries |
| • | Will be ready to interact with other participants in a learning process, work in pairs or teams doing joint projects, making presentations, giving and taking interviews, revising the material, consolidating information, take leadership in the group and involve peers in a successful learning process distributing the activities, holding short conversations related to the topics studied; will try to control and analyse self-study, perceive and critically evaluate learning strengths and weaknesses, plan and set out further learning aims | Case study, problem solving, projects | Effective cooperation: giving presentations, participating in discussions, moderating group conversations, self-assessment questionnaires; |
| • | Will be able to plan and organise self-study, create proper learning environment, will search for printed and electronic sources related to the subject, additional material improving grammar, language in use, etc, will be able to effectively choose memorizing strategies for the skills to be acquired. | Self-study, preparation for class activities, tests and presentations | Testing (open-ended and closed- ended items), task completion, questions and answers, giving and taking interviews, different writing assignments: essays / summaries |

| | | (| Conta | act ho | ours | | | Self | f-study work: time and assignments |
|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|----------|----------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|------------|------------------------------------|
| Content: breakdown of the topics | Lectures | Consultations | Seminars | Practice | Laboratory work | Practical training | Total contact | Self-study | Assignments |

| 1 Diadionality and classification the | | | | | |
|---|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| Biodiversity and classification; the organisation of life's diversity; kingdoms | | 6 | 6 | 5 | |
| and domains | | 0 | 0 | 3 | |
| Charles Darwin and the theory of evolution; | | | | | |
| fossil record, evidence of evolution, | | | | | |
| evolution in the everyday world (molecular | | 6 | 6 | 5 | |
| clocks, health care, ecology) | | | | | |
| 3. Natural selection; genetic drift; evolution of | | | | | |
| viruses and bacteria; evolution of mammals | | 6 | 6 | 5 | |
| and humans | | | 0 | 3 | |
| 4. Understanding of biological species; the | | | | | |
| process of speciation | | 4 | 4 | 5 | |
| 5. The immune system, viral and bacterial | | | | _ | |
| infections, prions | | 4 | 4 | 5 | |
| 6. Neuroscience: brain structure and functions; | | | | | |
| the nervous system; neuron structure and | | 4 | 4 | 5 | |
| functions; neurotransmission | | | | | Different reading, |
| 7. Achievements in development of | | 4 | 4 | 5 | listening and writing |
| biosciences in Lithuania | | 4 | 4 | 3 | assignments, grammar |
| 8. Bioethics, laws on bioethics enacted in | | 4 | 4 | 5 | and vocabulary tasks, |
| Lithuania | | 4 | 4 | 3 | preparation for tests and |
| 9. The Framework of a scientific article to | | 4 | 4 | 5 | speaking tasks |
| describe successful biomedical research | | 4 | 4 | 3 | (presentations, oral |
| 10. Poster presentation: its structure and content | | 4 | 4 | 5 | summaries), online |
| 11. Academic summary: requirements and | | | | | information search |
| specific language; reporting what others | | | | | |
| say; expressing cause and effect; linking | | 4 | 4 | 5 | |
| ideas; comparing and contrasting; | | | - | 3 | |
| organising your writing; classifying; | | | | | |
| describing research methods | | | | | |
| 12. Academic discourse (continued): expressing | | | | _ | |
| and grounding opinions, talking about | | 4 | 4 | 5 | |
| points of view | | | | | |
| 13. Grammatical properties of scientific texts | | _ | _ | ~ | |
| (continued): infinitival and participial | | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| structures in written academic discourse | | | - | | |
| 14. Revision and consultations | 1 | 5 64 | 5 64 | 5 70 | |
| Total | | 04 | 04 | 70 | |

| Assessment strategy | Weight,% | Assessment period | Assessment criteria |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| Final Test | 16.68 | In the middle of | Language in use test (vocabulary and grammar) |
| | | May | Max. score: 20 |
| Written examination | 16.66+ | End of the course | Reading and listening comprehension in a test |
| | 16.66+ | | format (max. score 20 each); academic summary |
| | 25 | | (max. 30 points acc. to criteria set by the IFL) |
| The mean score of three | 25 | During the | Each presentation assessed on the basis of |
| presentations (spoken | | semester | criteria set by the IFL (max. score 30 points) |
| production) | | | |
| | | | |
| Active work and achievement | Max.2 points | During the course | 1-2 bonus points awarded for active work and |
| | added to the | | considerable progress are added to the total |
| | total percentile | | percentile score. Final exam grade given on the |
| | score | | basis of the assessment table set by the IFL |

| Author | Year of publica- tion | Title | Issue of a periodical or volume of a | Publishing place and house or web link |
|--------|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|
|--------|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|

| | | | publication | |
|---------------------|------|--|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Required literature | | | | |
| Futuyma D. J | 2005 | Evolution | | Sinauer Associates |
| | | | | Incorporated |
| Belk C., V. Boden | 2008 | Biology: Science for Life | | Pearson Education |
| Kelly K. | 2008 | Science | | Macmillan Education |
| Recommended reading | ıg | | | |
| McCarthy M., | 2008 | Academic Vocabulary in | | CUP |
| F. O'Dell | | Use | | |
| Hopkins D. | 2007 | Grammar for IELTS | | Cambridge Books for |
| P. Cullen | | | | Cambridge Exams |
| Cullen P. | 2008 | Vocabulary for IELTS | | CUP |
| Matthews J.R., | 2008 | Successful scientific | | CUP |
| R. W. Matthews | | Writing | | |
| Black M., | 2009 | Objective IELTS | | CUP |
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| Murphy, R. | 2009 | English Grammar in Use | | CUP |
| Swan, M. | 1995 | Practical English Usage | | OUP |
| | | New Scientist | | www.newscientist.com |
| | | Scientific American | | www.scientificamerican.com |
| | | | | http://www.sciencedaily.com |